

RÉPUBLIQUE TUNISIENNE MINISTÈRE DE L'ÉDUCATION ●●●●● <b>EXAMEN DU BACCALAURÉAT</b> SESSION <b>2018</b>	<b>Session de contrôle</b>	
	Épreuve : <b>ANGLAIS</b>	Section : <b>Sciences Techniques</b>
	Durée : <b>2h</b>	◆

Le sujet comporte 4 pages

## I- READING COMPREHENSION

### A. THE TEXT

1. Samir Lakhani was spending the summer in a Cambodian village when he saw a mother scrubbing her child with a washing powder. He was devastated. Detergent can harm the skin and contains toxic chemicals causing itchy eyes and vomiting. Hygiene is important to prevent disease, but this was not the way to clean a human being.
2. While taking a break from his environmental studies, Lakhani worked in Siem Reap, a thriving two-million tourist hub with hundreds of hotels, that produces a lot of leftover soap. "There is probably no better place to start soap recycling than here," he thinks. The NGO he was volunteering for put him in touch with local students to help with the project. Once back to his studies, he started crowdfunding. Then, he succeeded in obtaining sponsorship from major hotel chains to train and pay soap makers.
3. Two years later, his Eco-Soap Bank organization employs 30 workers and collects soap from hotels to supply people with a safe way of getting clean. In many rural communities, soap is seen as a luxury. While some people use detergent, others may only rub their skin with soil. This leads to a slew of illnesses, including parasites, typhoid and diarrhea.
4. When asked about his achievement, Samir Lakhani's reply is short but quite convincing: "From a wasted product that was going to be thrown in the trash, we get it in the hands of a soap vendor. This should be economically stimulating the villagers and creating income."

Finn Aberdien

[www.bbc.com/news/magazine](http://www.bbc.com/news/magazine)

2 November 2016

Section : ..... N° d'inscription : ..... Série : .....  
 Nom et prénom : .....  
 Date et lieu de naissance : .....

Signatures des surveillants  
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ANGLAIS (SECTION: Sciences Techniques)

**B- Comprehension Questions (12 marks)**

1) Read the text and tick (✓) the most appropriate option. (1 mark)

The text is **mainly** about **the way recycling can**:

- a) improve health
- b) boost tourism
- c) promote old habits

2) Complete the table below with information from paragraphs 2 and 3. (3 marks)

Name of the Company	Location	Number of Employees
<i>Eco-Soap Bank</i>	<i>Siam Reap</i>	30

3) For each of the following statements, pick out one detail showing that it is false. (2 marks)

- a) Samir Lakhani worked with experienced professionals. (Parag. 2)  
*The NGO put him in touch with local students.*
- b) Most Cambodian villagers frequently use a hygienic substance to wash their bodies. ( Parag. 3)  
*In many rural areas, soap is seen as a luxury./ While some people use detergent, others may only rub their skin with soil.*

4) Complete the following summary with words from paragraph 4. (2 marks)

Samir Lakhani's *achievement* made a difference in the villagers' life by helping them with a new source of *income* .

5) Find in the text words meaning nearly the same as: (2 marks)

- a) centre (Parag. 2) = *hub*
- b) large number (Parag. 3) = *slew*

6) What does the underlined word in the text refer to? (1 mark)

“ project ” in paragraph 2 refers to *soap recycling*

7) Give a personal justified answer to the following question. (1 mark)

If you were Samir Lakhani, would you stop your studies for a while in order to start voluntary work?

If I were Samir Lakhani, I .....because .....(Any personal and justified answer is accepted as long as there is no contradiction between the answer and the justification.)

**NE RIEN ECRIRE ICI**

**II- WRITING (12 marks)**

**1) Use the information below to write a coherent paragraph about the London Tech Week Festival. (4 marks)**

<b>Celebration</b>	across / city / London every year / June
<b>Aims</b>	- exhibit / celebrate / best / technology - provide networking / learning / business opportunities.
<b>Audience</b>	over 40,000 attendees across / entire technology industry.

*Appropriate use of the prompts (02 marks)*

*Language (02 marks)*

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**2) Journalist Andrew Brown wrote: “The internet is so big, so powerful that for some people it is a complete substitute for life.”**

**In reaction to Andrew Brown’s opinion, write a 12-line article for your school magazine in which you express your point of view about the changes in people’s lives that are caused by the use of the Internet. (8 marks)**

*Adherence to task (03 marks)*

*Language accuracy (03 marks)*

*Mechanics (02 marks)*

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### III- LANGUAGE (6 marks)

#### 1) Fill in the blanks with 6 words from the list below. (3 marks)

financially – to – despite – creative – in – degree – whether - curious

Adam is an engineer and a lifelong learner. He has worked in senior roles in many companies, but he has been unable to be *creative* at work. In his late 40's, Adam started thinking about getting another Master's *degree*. But, with two kids on their way to college, the idea does not seem *financially* feasible. Many people like Adam are interested *in* innovations and new designs. *Whether* they are doctors, engineers or architects, they are all lifelong learners. These are motivated leaders who are finding ways to do it *despite* their busy schedules.

#### 2) Circle the right alternative. (3 marks)

Fast food has grown remarkably not only in the United States but also around the world. Innovations in operations and products have (~~kept~~ - **led** - **made**) the industry growing. Since its establishment, fast food (**lived** - ~~has lived~~ - **living**) up to its name. In the early days of fast food, as Americans came to depend on their cars, outlets offered drive-in service which (**empowered** - **enforced** - ~~enabled~~) customers to park and eat in their cars. This Service reduced the (**fee** - ~~cost~~ - **rate**) of operating a restaurant and established relatively low prices. Now, we see drive-up services where customers can order, pay and then leave without turning (~~off~~ - **up** - **on**) the engines of their cars. In fact, many roadsters eat (**because** - **therefore** - ~~as~~) they drive.